

# Trolls just want to have fun

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Personality and Individual Differences, (2014, in press)



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# Psychometry

- A study of psychological measurement
  - the construction of instruments and procedures for measurement
  - the development and refinement of theoretical approaches to measurement
- IQ was the first well-studied psychometric measure
- Personality measures
- <http://personality-testing.info>
  - Some quick online tests, generally OK

# Intelligence Quotient

- Intelligenz-Quotient, IQ
- First tests by Francis Galton, Alfred Binet
  - Early studies of IQ were often related to eugenics
- Normalized to median = 100, sd = 15
- The General Factor  $g$
- Charles Spearman developed factor analysis to explain the correlations between ability tests
  - $G$  seems to be the inheritable and immutable base of most cognitive ability
- Other approaches – multiple intelligences etc.

# The Big Five

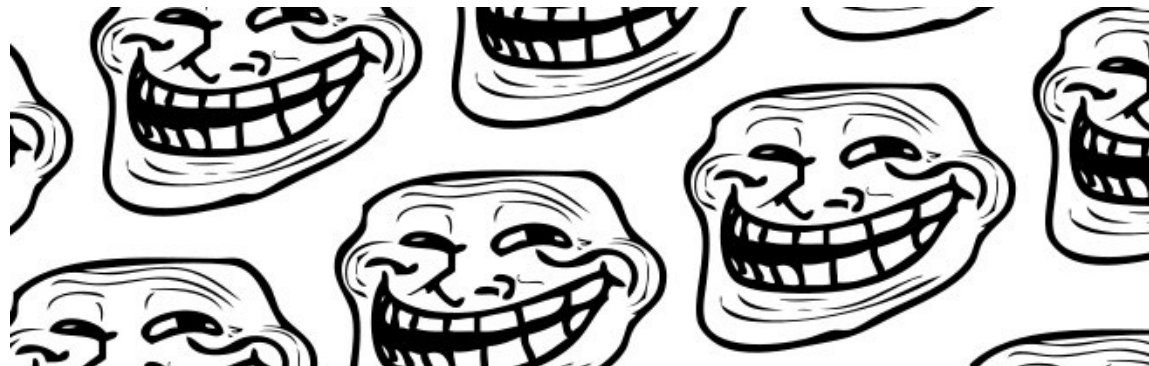
- Openness
  - Appreciation for adventure, new ideas, curiosity, variety of experience
- Conscientiousness
  - A tendency to be organized and dependable, self-discipline, act dutifully, aim for achievement, prefer planned rather than spontaneous behavior
- Extraversion
  - Energy, positive emotions, assertiveness, sociability, the tendency to seek stimulation in the company of others, and talkativeness
- Agreeableness
  - A tendency to be compassionate and cooperative rather than suspicious and antagonistic towards others
- Neuroticism
  - The tendency to experience unpleasant emotions easily, such as anger, anxiety, depression, and vulnerability

# The Dark Triad

- Narcissism
  - grandiosity, pride, egotism, lack of empathy
- Machiavellianism
  - manipulation and exploitation of others, a cynical disregard for morality, focus on self-interest and deception
- Psychopathy
  - enduring antisocial behavior, impulsivity, selfishness, callousness, remorselessness
- Dark Tetrad adds sadism
  - gaining pleasure from seeing others undergo pain or discomfort

# Trolling

- Online trolling is the practice of behaving in a deceptive, destructive, or disruptive manner in a social setting on the Internet with no apparent instrumental purpose
- Lots of attention but little studied
- The major difference from eg. cyber-bullying is deception (anonymity) and "pointless" nature
- Boredom, attention seeking, revenge, pleasure, and a desire to cause damage identified as the main motivators



# Main correlates with antisociality

- Heavy internet usage
  - low agreeableness
  - low conscientiousness
  - high extraversion
- Men are using internet more
  - Still more antisocial
- Narcissists use Facebook more
  - Usage correlated with antisocial personality disorder



**Trolling /B/**

It's like pissing in an ocean of piss

# Methods

- Study 1
  - 418 participants (42.4% female; M age = 29.2, SD = 11.0) from Amazon's Mechanical Turk website (<http://www.mturk.com>)
  - Large battery of personality questions, forum usage embedded into it
  - Specify favourite forum activity (trolling, disputing, making friends)
- Study 2
  - 188 Canadian psychology students (55% female; M age = 21.15, SD = 3.63)
  - 609 United States residents (43% female; M age = 35.04, SD = 12.98) recruited on Amazon's Mechanical Turk website
  - Specify enjoyment of each forum activity



# Measures (personality)

- 44-item Big Five Inventory (John & Srivastava, 1999)
- Short Dark Triad scale (SD3; Jones & Paulhus, in press)
  - Narcissism (eg. I have been compared to famous people)
  - Macchiavellism (eg. it's not wise to tell your secrets)
  - Psychopathy (eg. payback needs to be quick and nasty)



# Measures (sadism)

- **Short Sadistic Impulse Scale (SSIS; O'Meara, Davies, & Hammond, 2011)**
  - 10 item questionnaire (e.g., hurting people is exciting etc.)
- **Varieties of Sadistic Tendencies scale (VAST; Paulhus & Jones, in press)**
  - 6 questions about direct sadism (e.g., I enjoy hurting people)
  - 7 questions about vicarious sadism (e.g., In video games, I like the realistic blood spurts)
- **Comprehensive Assessment of Sadistic Tendencies (CAST; Buckels & Paulhus, 2013)**
  - 5 questions about direct physical sadism (e.g., I enjoy physically hurting people)
  - 6 questions about direct verbal sadism (e.g., I enjoy making jokes at the expense of others)
  - 7 questions about vicarious sadism (e.g., I enjoy playing the villain in games and torturing other characters)

# Measures (online behaviour)

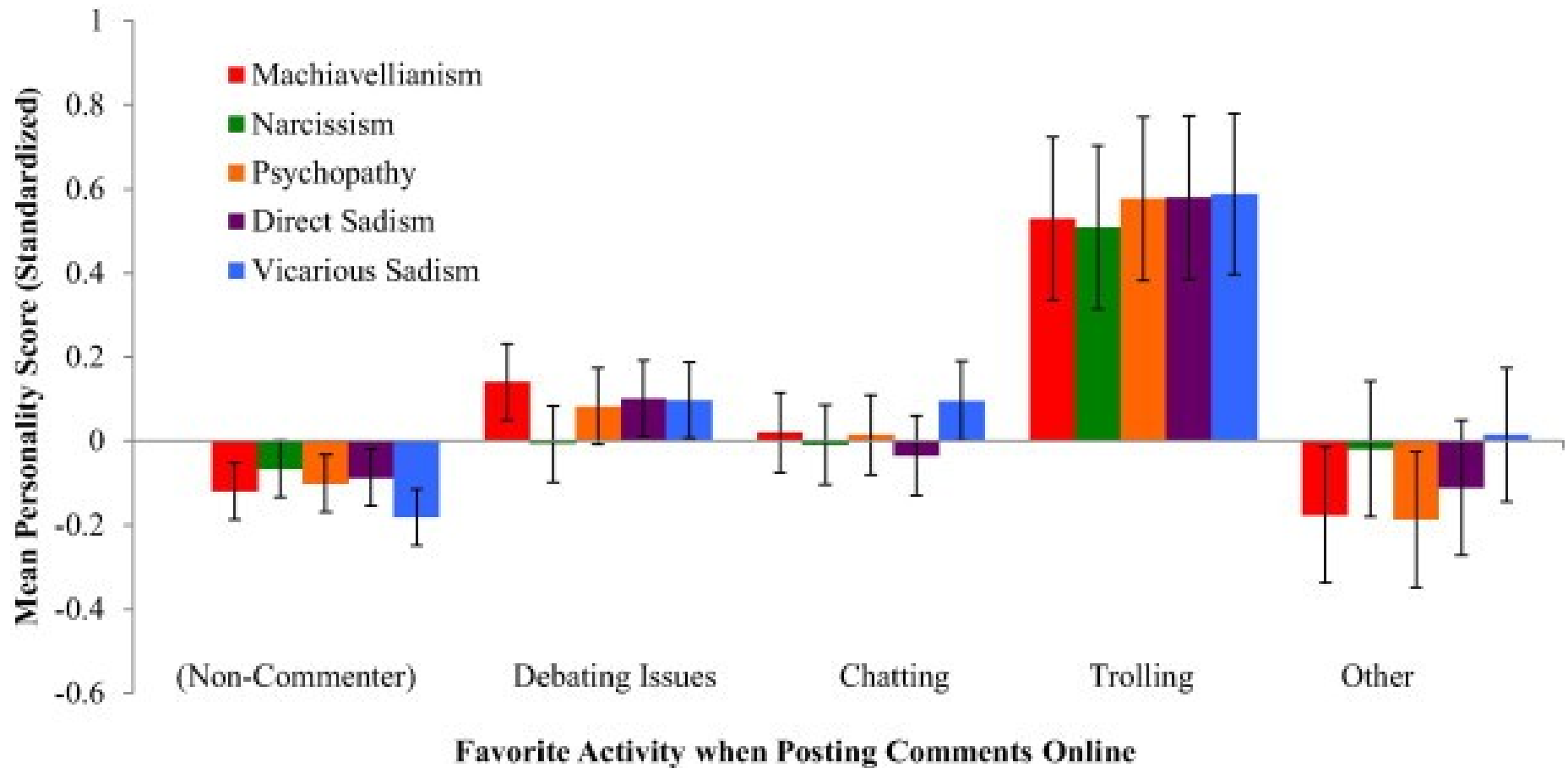
- Overall commenting frequency
- What did participants enjoy doing most on comment sites?
  - debating issues that are important to you
  - chatting with other users
  - making new friends
  - trolling other users
  - other (specify)
- The order of answers was randomized
- 4 Questions relevant to trolling
  - E.g., I have sent people to shock websites for the lulz
- Mean responses to these four items formed the composite score labeled, **Global Assessment of Internet Trolling (GAIT)**.



# Results (study 1)

- Mean hours of commenting per day was 1.07, SD = 1.77
- Commenting time was associated with:
  - lower conscientiousness scores,  $r = -.16$  ( $p < .001$ )
  - higher scores on all Dark Tetrad measures except narcissism
  - direct sadism,  $r(508) = .12$  ( $p = .01$ )
  - vicarious sadism,  $r(508) = .21$  ( $p < .001$ )
  - psychopathy,  $r(512) = .12$  ( $p = .005$ )
  - Machiavellianism,  $r(512) = .16$  ( $p < .001$ )
  - Negatively correlated with age
  - Men commented more hours than women
- extraversion, agreeableness, neuroticism, and narcissism were all non-significant

# Results



# Results (study 2)

Table 1.

Associations of Dark Tetrad variables with commenting behavior and enjoyment in Study 2.

Personality scale	Commenting frequency (h/day)	Commenting frequency (controlling for overall Internet use)	Rated enjoyment:				GAI T scores
			Trolling	Debating	Chatting	Making friends	
Sadism Total	.43 <sup>***</sup>	.40 <sup>***</sup>	.52 <sup>***</sup>	.21	.07	-.12	.68 <sup>***</sup>
Direct Sadism	.35 <sup>***</sup>	.36 <sup>***</sup>	.54 <sup>***</sup>	.14	-.001	-.17	.65 <sup>***</sup>
Direct Physical	.35 <sup>***</sup>	.34 <sup>**</sup>	.44 <sup>***</sup>	.19	.04	-.20	.62 <sup>***</sup>
Direct Verbal	.32 <sup>**</sup>	.33 <sup>**</sup>	.53 <sup>***</sup>	.10	-.02	-.15	.56 <sup>***</sup>
Vicarious Sadism	.39 <sup>***</sup>	.40 <sup>***</sup>	.39 <sup>***</sup>	.25 <sup>*</sup>	.13	-.03	.55 <sup>***</sup>
Machiavellianism	.33 <sup>**</sup>	.33 <sup>***</sup>	.37 <sup>***</sup>	-.06	-.10	-.14	.34 <sup>***</sup>
Narcissism	.27 <sup>*</sup>	.30 <sup>**</sup>	-.09	.23 <sup>*</sup>	.19	.21	.18 <sup>***</sup>
Psychopathy	.23 <sup>*</sup>	.23 <sup>*</sup>	.38 <sup>***</sup>	.07	-.23 <sup>*</sup>	-.21	.55 <sup>***</sup>

Note. <sup>\*</sup> $p < .05$ ; <sup>\*\*</sup> $p < .01$ ; <sup>\*\*\*</sup> $p < .001$ . All tests are two-tailed.

GAI T scores were a composite of four items capturing trolling behavior, enjoyment, and identity.

# Results

- Sadism, psychopathy, and Machiavellianism scores were positively correlated with self-reported enjoyment of trolling
- Narcissism was not correlated with trolling enjoyment, but was instead positively correlated with enjoying debating issues important to people
- Enjoyment of chatting was negatively correlated with psychopathy
- GAIT scores were strongly associated with commenters' trolling enjoyment
- GAIT was negatively correlated with age ( $r = -.21$ ,  $p < .001$ ), conscientiousness ( $r = -.24$ ) and agreeableness ( $r = -.18$ )
- Marginally positively with openness ( $r = .13$ )
- Extraversion and neuroticism were unrelated to GAIT

# Results

- Multiple regression analysis with data from the subsample of commenters
  - Sadism and Machiavellianism were unique predictors of trolling enjoyment
  - Narcissism was negatively associated
  - Psychopathy was unrelated to trolling enjoyment
  - The pattern of association was unaffected by controlling for overall Internet use
- If the full sample was used psychopathy was also weak predictor of GAIT score





# Causal links

- Sought to test the hypothesis that sadism leads to trolling because those behaviors are pleasurable
- Enjoyment of trolling was positively associated with GAIT scores when controlling for sadism,  $\beta = 0.48$ ,  $t(80) = 6.31$ ,  $p < .001$
- The mediated effect of sadism through enjoyment was significant, Sobel's  $z = 4.10$ ,  $p < .001$ ; 95% CI = [0.09, 0.45]
- It remained significant even when controlling for scores on the Dark Triad, Sobel's  $z = 3.44$ ,  $p < .001$ ; 95% CI = [0.10, 0.51].
- The direct effect of sadism was substantially reduced, but remained significant when controlling for trolling enjoyment,  $\beta = 0.40$ ,  $t(80) = 5.07$ ,  $p < .001$ , indicating partial mediation
- No support for the opposite causal direction; the standardized indirect effect of GAIT on sadism via trolling enjoyment was not significant, Sobel's  $z = 0.74$ ,  $p = .46$ ; 95% CI = [-0.09, 0.25].

# Discussion

- Dark Tetrad associations were largely due to overlap with sadism
- If controlling for sadism and the other Dark Tetrad measures, narcissism was actually negatively related to trolling enjoyment
- Found clear evidence that sadists tend to troll because they enjoy it
  - When controlling for enjoyment, sadism's impact on trolling was cut nearly in half; and the indirect effect of sadism through enjoyment was substantial, significant, and remained significant when controlling for overlap with the Dark Triad scores
- Strong positive relations among online commenting frequency, trolling enjoyment, and trolling behavior and identity, pointing to high levels of consistency among the measures.
  - The findings add to accumulating evidence linking excessive technology use to antisociality

# Conclusions

- Do antisocial persons use technology more than others because it facilitates their nefarious goals/motives?
- Some authors argue that use of Internet technology actually shifts users in an antisocial direction (Carr, 2011, Immordino-Yang et al., 2012 and Suler, 2004).
- The troll persona appears to be a malicious case of a virtual avatar (Dunn and Guadagno, 2012 and McCreery et al., 2012), reflecting both actual personality (Dunn and Guadagno, 2012 and McCreery et al., 2012) and one's ideal self (Bessièrè, Seay, & Kiesler, 2007)
- The research suggests that, for those with sadistic personalities, that ideal self may be a villain of chaos and mayhem – the online Trickster we fear, envy, and love to hate: the cyber-troll.

Thank you!

